

## CECAM 4th CP2K Tutorial

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# SCF and DBCSR Related Methods

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01 September 2015

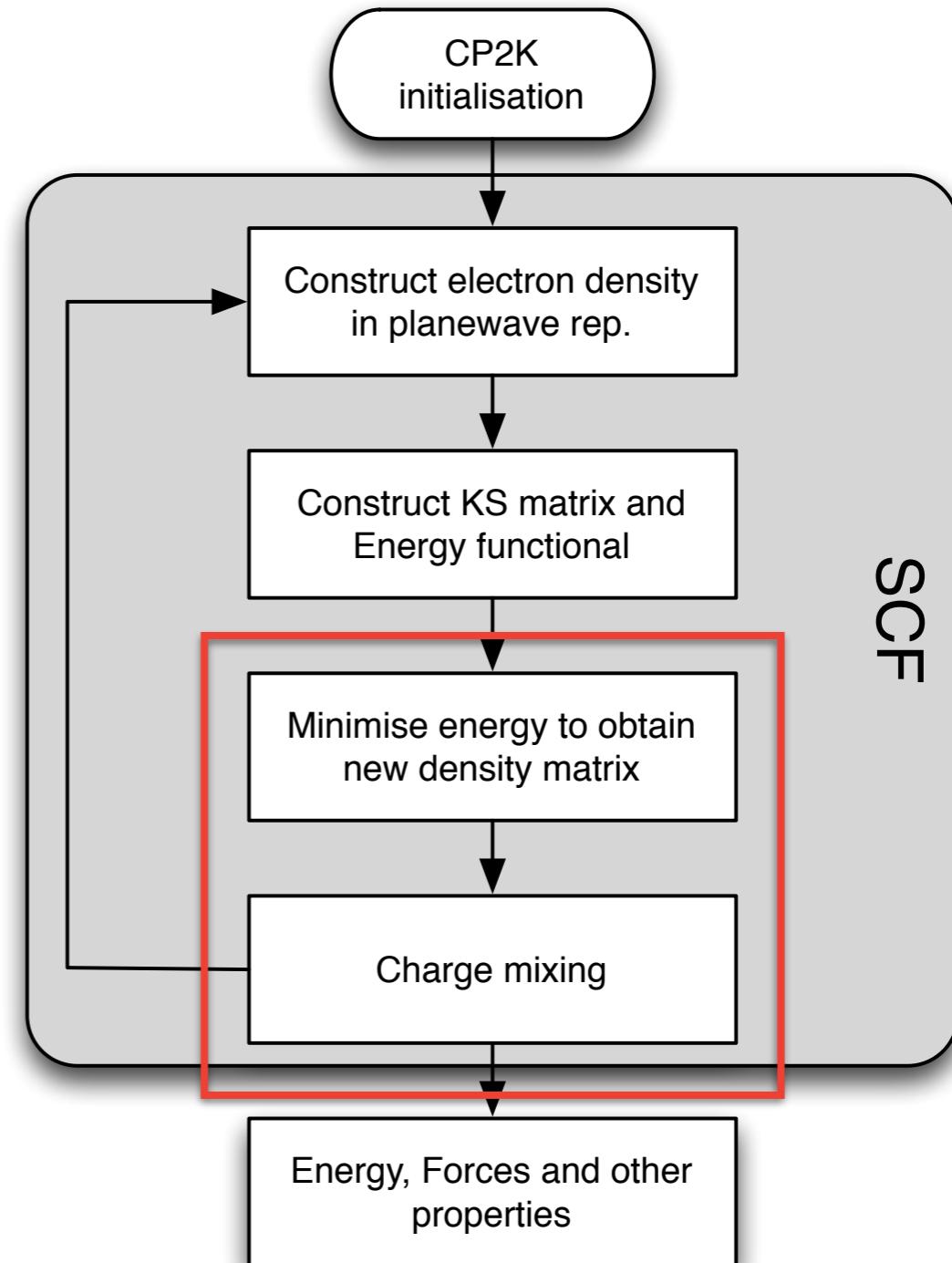
# Self Consistent Field Calculation

- Central to the QuickStep (DFT) calculation is the Self-Consistent-Field cycle

$$H[\rho]\psi_n = E_n\psi_n$$

$$\rho(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_n f_n \psi_n(\mathbf{r}) \psi_n^*(\mathbf{r})$$

- Key to speed and stability of the calculation:
  - Energy minimisation
  - Charge mixing



# Topics In This Talk

- Common Methods In CP2K
  - Eigensolvers
  - Optimisers
- Orbital Transformation (OT)
  - Preconditions
- Charge Mixing for Diagonalisation Methods
  - Methods used in CP2K
  - Important parameters for convergence
- Examples

# Eigensolvers In CP2K

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- General Eigen problem:

$$\mathbf{Ax} = \lambda \mathbf{Bx}$$

- Reduce back to the standard Eigen problem

$$\mathbf{A}'\mathbf{x}' = \lambda \mathbf{x}'$$

- Cholesky decomposition based methods:  $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{U}^T \mathbf{U}$  must be positive definite:

$$(\mathbf{U}^{-1})^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{U}^{-1} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{U} \mathbf{x}$$

- REDUCE:  $\mathbf{A}' = \mathbf{U}^{-1}{}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{U}^{-1}$  followed by solving  $\mathbf{U} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}'$
- RESTORE: Same as Reduce, but with the single reduce step for  $\mathbf{A}'$  replaced with two restore steps:
  - Solve  $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{U} = \mathbf{A}$   $\Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{U}^{-1}$
  - Solve  $\mathbf{U}^T \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x}$   $\Rightarrow \mathbf{y} = (\mathbf{U}^T)^{-1} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{U}^{-1}$
- INVERSE: Same as Reduce, but calculate  $\mathbf{A}'$  using the direct inverse of  $\mathbf{U}$  (involves one inversion of a triangular matrix plus two matrix multiplications)
- INVERSE\_DBCSR: Same as inverse, but utilising sparse matrix algebra engine whenever possible (e.g. when doing matrix multiplication)

# Eigensolvers In CP2K

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- Without Cholesky decomposition:
  - Useful if your basis set contains linearly dependent functions, i.e.  $B$  is non-positive definite
  - Slower, but more robust
- Find the inverse square root of  $B$ :  $B^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

$$B = B^{\frac{1}{2}} B^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$B^{-\frac{1}{2}} A B^{-\frac{1}{2}} B^{\frac{1}{2}} x = B^{\frac{1}{2}} x$$

$$x' = B^{\frac{1}{2}} x \quad \Rightarrow \quad x = B^{-\frac{1}{2}} x'$$

- $B^{-\frac{1}{2}}$  is calculated by diagonalise  $B$ , invert the eigenvalues and then transform back.
- If  $B$  is non-positive definite: this normally corresponds to the basis set containing redundant linearly dependent vectors. This means the zero eigenvalues of  $B$  should not contribute to the linear problem.
  - This is equivalent to set inverse of the eigenvalues to zero

# Optimisers In CP2K

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- Concerns with finding the local minimum of a function of many variables
- **Steepest Decent:**

$$f(\mathbf{x}_n) = f(\mathbf{x}_{n-1}) + \alpha \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_{n-1})$$

- How much we travel along the gradient is determined by a line search to find the minimum of the function along the path
- **Conjugate Gradient:**

- Initial step the same as steepest decent  $d_0 = \alpha \nabla f_0$
- Subsequent steps require the direction of travel to be “conjugate” to the previous step. Find minimum in n steps for quadratic function on n-dim space
- If the function can be Taylor expanded

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = f_0 + \nabla f_0 \cdot (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_0) + (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_0)^T \mathbf{H}_0 (\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_0) + O(x^3)$$

$$(\mathbf{H}_0)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \left. \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i \partial x_j} \right|_{\mathbf{x}_0}$$

- then the search direction for the next step is given as

$$\mathbf{d}_{n+1} = -\nabla f_{n+1} + \beta_n \mathbf{d}_n \quad \beta_n = \frac{\nabla f_n^T \mathbf{H}_n \mathbf{d}_n}{\mathbf{d}_n^T \mathbf{H}_n \mathbf{d}_n} \quad \mathbf{d}_{n+1}^T \mathbf{H}_n \mathbf{d}_n = 0$$

# Optimisers In CP2K

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- Discrete Inversion in Iterative Space (DIIS), a.k.a. Pulay Method :
  - The new step is based on considerations over a list of previous steps:

$$\mathbf{x}_{n+1} = \sum_i^n \alpha_i \mathbf{x}_i, \quad \sum_i^n \alpha_i = 1$$

- Minimise by seeking the solution to  $\nabla f(\mathbf{x}) = 0$
- Assume when close enough to minimum, the gradient becomes a linear function:

$$\nabla f(\mathbf{x}_{n+1}) = \sum_i^n \alpha_i \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_i) \quad \mathbf{d}_i \equiv \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_i)$$

- The new gradient (residual) is then a function of  $\alpha_i$ , solve:  $\frac{\partial \|\mathbf{d}_{n+1}\|}{\partial \alpha_i} = 0$  with constraints  $\sum_i^n \alpha_i = 1$ , we obtain:

$$\alpha_i = \frac{\sum_i^n A_{ji}^{-1}}{\sum_{ij}^n A_{ji}^{-1}}, \quad A_{ij} = \mathbf{d}_i^\top \mathbf{d}_j$$

- Can be over 50% faster than CG, but not as stable because bad history contribute to the next step.
- Too many history included may not be beneficial.

# Optimisers In CP2K

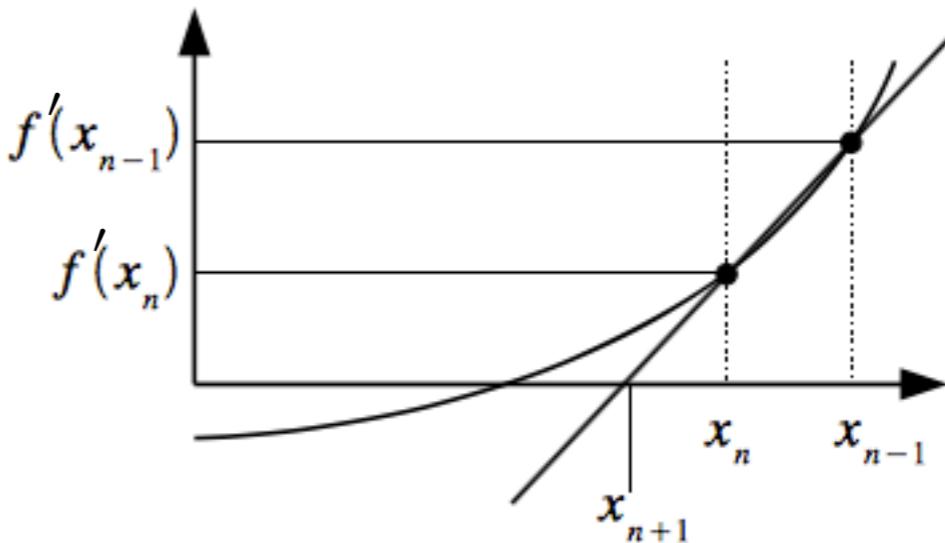
- **Broyden's Method:**

- Again, seeks the solution to  $\nabla f(\mathbf{x}) = 0$ , but using the secant method
- The next step can be determined by the inverse of Jacobian:

$$\mathbf{x}_{n+1} = \mathbf{x}_n - \mathbf{J}_n^{-1} \mathbf{d}_n$$

$$\mathbf{d}_n \equiv \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_n)$$

$$(\mathbf{J}_n)_{ij} = \frac{\partial (\mathbf{d}_n)_i}{\partial x_j}$$



- But inverse of Jacobian too expensive, so instead approximate  $\mathbf{J}_n^{-1}$  to be able to reproduce the changes in step ( $\mathbf{x}$ ) and residual ( $\mathbf{d}$ ) close to a set of previous results. In other words, minimise the weighted norm:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n w_i \|(\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i-1}) - \mathbf{J}_n^{-1}(\mathbf{d}_i - \mathbf{d}_{i-1})\|^2$$

- And at the same time the changes in  $\mathbf{J}_n^{-1}$  should be the minimal possible from the initial step. So we find  $\mathbf{J}_n^{-1}$  by minimise:

$$N = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \|(\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_{i-1}) - \mathbf{J}_n^{-1}(\mathbf{d}_i - \mathbf{d}_{i-1})\|^2 + w_0 \|\mathbf{J}_n^{-1} - \mathbf{J}_0^{-1}\|$$

# Orbital Transform

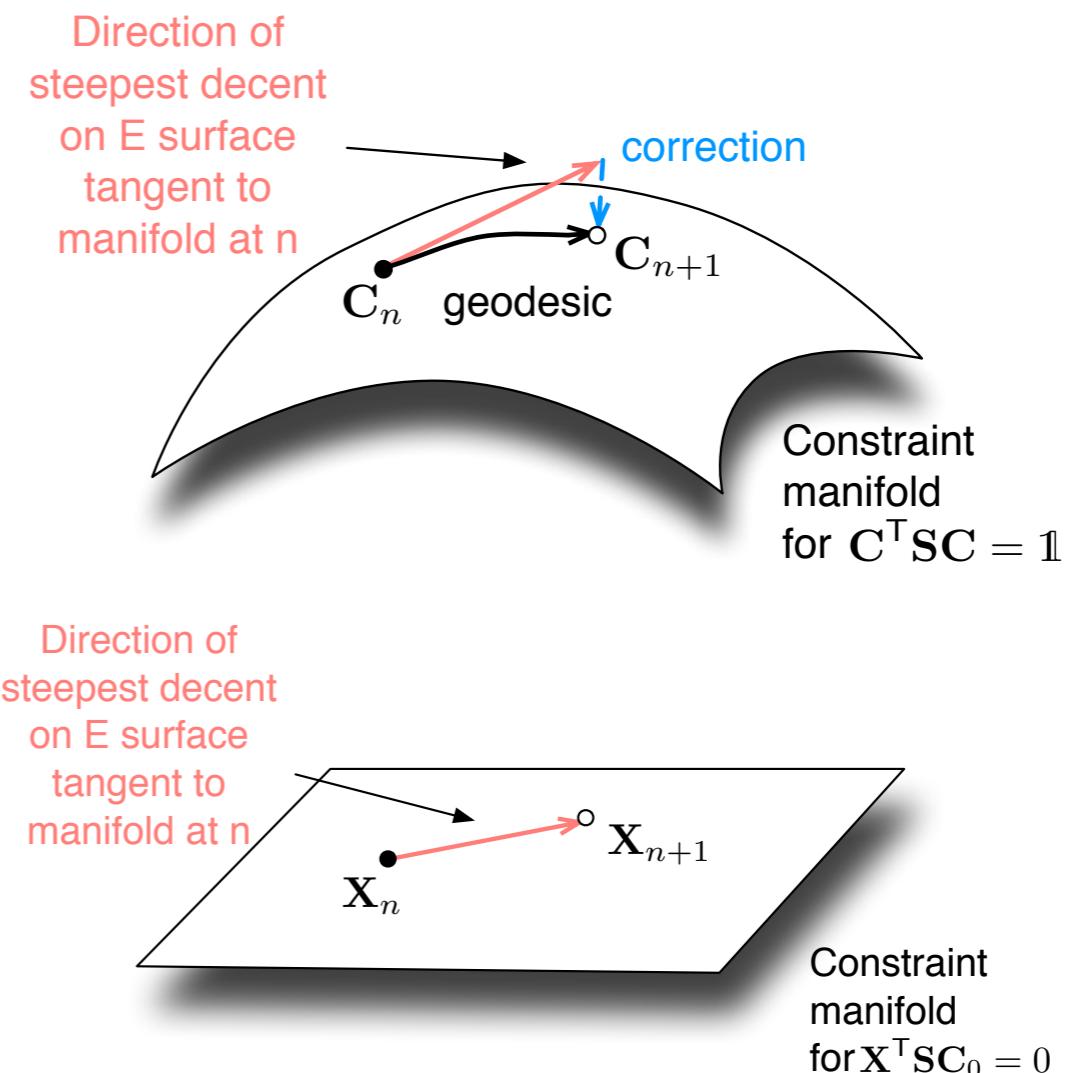
- Seeks to find the minimum of the energy functional with respect to the MO coefficients, with the constraint that MO are normalised.
- Optimisation problem on a M-dimensional spherical surface.
- Perform a variable transformation, from MO coefficients  $\mathbf{C}$  to a set of auxiliary variables  $\mathbf{X}$  such that the optimisation of  $E$  is now on a M-1 dimensional linear space w.r.t.  $\mathbf{X}$

$$\mathbf{C}(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{C}_0 \cos(\mathbf{U}) + \mathbf{X}\mathbf{U}^{-1} \sin(\mathbf{U})$$

$$\mathbf{U} = (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{S} \mathbf{X})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- With constraint (fixes the direction of the plane):

$$\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{S} \mathbf{C}_0 = 0$$



# Orbital Transform

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- Computation of SIN and COS terms
  - Can be calculated by diagonalisation: transforming to eigenspace, operate on eigenvalues, and then transform back. BUT too expensive.
  - Use Taylor expansion: 2 or 3 order expansion already give machine precision.
  - Calculate  $\mathbf{U}^{-1}$  as part of the Taylor expansion

$$\cos(\mathbf{U}) = \sum_{i=0}^K \frac{(-1)}{(2i)!} (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{S} \mathbf{X})^i$$

$$\mathbf{U}^{-1} \sin(\mathbf{U}) = \sum_{i=0}^K \frac{(-1)^i}{(2i+1)!} (\mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{S} \mathbf{X})^i$$

# Orbital Transform

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- **Preconditioners**

- The function to be minimised:

$$E(\mathbf{c}(\mathbf{x})) = \text{tr}(\mathbf{c}^\top(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{H}_{KS} \mathbf{c}(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{x}^\top \mathbf{S} \mathbf{c}_0 \boldsymbol{\Lambda})$$

- While minimisation of E with respect to the OT variable is guaranteed to converge, it may do so very slowly.
  - Preconditioners can greatly speed up the convergence of an iterative optimisation process
  - Assuming  $\mathbf{c}_0$  are eigenstates of the initial KS hamiltonian, and we Taylor expand close by:

$$E(\mathbf{x}_0 + \mathbf{h}) = E_{\mathbf{x}_0} + \nabla_{\mathbf{h}} E(\mathbf{x}_0)^\top \mathbf{h} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{h}^\top \mathbf{E}''(\mathbf{x}_0) \mathbf{h} + O(h^3)$$

- The Hessian of E close to minimum is:

$$\left. \frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial x_{i\mu} \partial x_{j\nu}} \right|_{\mathbf{x}_0} = 2H_{ij}\delta_{\mu\nu} - 2S_{ij}\delta_{\mu\nu}\epsilon_\mu^0$$

- At minimum, we expect

$$\frac{dE(\mathbf{x}_0 + \mathbf{h})}{d\mathbf{h}} = \nabla_{\mathbf{h}} E(\mathbf{x}_0) + \mathbf{E}''(\mathbf{x}_0) \mathbf{h} + O(h^2) = 0$$

# Orbital Transform

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- Therefore,  $\mathbf{h} = -\mathbf{E}''(\mathbf{x}_0)^{-1} \nabla_{\mathbf{h}} E(\mathbf{x}_0)$ , i.e.:

$$\mathbf{x}_{n+1} = \mathbf{x}_n - \mathbf{P}_n \nabla E_n$$

- The ideal preconditioner to the gradient is therefore:

$$\mathbf{P}_n = (\mathbf{H}_{KS} - \mathbf{S}\epsilon_n)^{-1} \quad \epsilon_n = \mathbf{c}_n^T \mathbf{H}_{KS} \mathbf{c}_n$$

- **Practical Approximations to Preconditioner :**

- Ideal preconditioner requires:
  - Evaluation at every step
  - A different preconditioner matrix for every gradient vector
  - Matrix inversion
- **FULL\_ALL:**
  - Instead of calculating  $\epsilon_n$ , replace it with a single scalar  $\epsilon_0$  that is similar to other energy levels. It is chosen to be the highest eigenvalue of the initial step/guess
  - Instead of evaluating at every step, do once at the beginning, and reuse the same preconditioner
  - Invert by diagonalisation, keep positive definite by truncating small eigenvalues

# Orbital Transform

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- **FULL\_KINETIC**
  - Same as FULL\_ALL, except only use kinetic energy part of KS matrix.
  - This gives sparse matrices, and can be taken advantage of using DBCSR based methods
- **FULL\_SINGLE**
  - Same as FULL\_ALL, however, only use the block diagonal parts of  $\mathbf{H}_{KS} - \mathbf{S}\epsilon_0$
  - In other words, only on-site terms are considered by the preconditioner
  - Much faster, as each block can be calculated separately
- **FULL\_SINGLE\_INVERSE**
  - Same as FULL\_SINGLE, but with the inversion process replaced by Cholesky process. Only works if  $\mathbf{H}_{KS} - \mathbf{S}\epsilon_0$  is already positive definite.
  - Therefore less robust, but more efficient than FULL\_SINGLE
- **FULL\_S\_INVERSE**
  - Ignore the KS matrix contribution all together, and utilise Cholesky decomposition of the full overlap matrix
  - Generally avoid
- **NONE**
  - Not recommended...

# Orbital Transform

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- Inner and Outer SCF/OT minimisation Loop :
  - Relevant only for OT:
  - KS matrix is updated at every OT minimisation step: minimisation and SCF happening at the same time
  - Inner Loop: Preconditioner is calculated at the beginning of the loop, and remains constant throughout the inner loop
  - Outer Loop: Loops over the inner loop, this means the preconditioner is updated at every outer loop step
  - Tips for OT convergence:
    - If inner loop is converging slowly, try to reduce the number of allowed iterations in the inner loop, and increase the number of iterations allowed for the outer loop.
    - This effectively forces the preconditioner to be updated more frequently

# Mixing Methods for Diagonalisation

- Diagonalisation:
  - Solves the generalised eigen problem:

$$\mathbf{H}_{KS}\mathbf{c} = \lambda \mathbf{S}\mathbf{c}$$

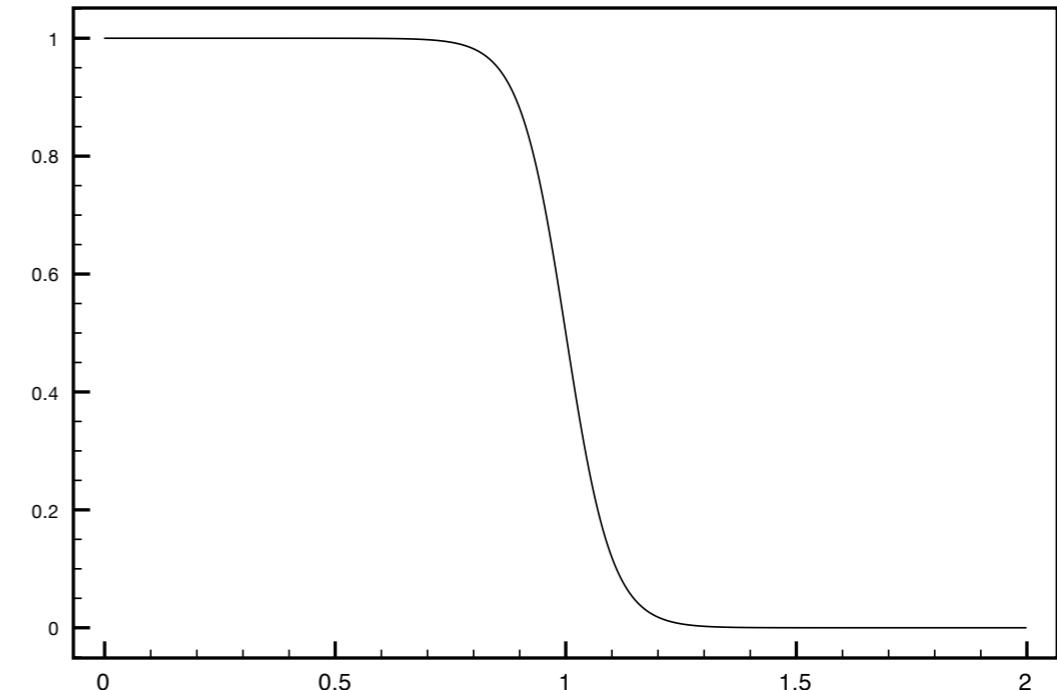
- Uses any one of the eigensolvers implemented in CP2K
- Density matrix can be constructed from the MOs.

$$P_{ij} = \sum_n f_n c_{in} c_{jn}$$

- Occupy the MOs from the lowest energy up, until total number of electrons has reached.
  - This gives Fermi energy
  - Allows the opportunity to introduce smearing into the occupancy
- From the density matrix, we can obtain electron charge, and this is then mixed back into the KS Hamiltonian, to complete the SCF loop

# Mixing Methods for Diagonalisation

- **Smearing:**
  - Integer occupation numbers: discontinuity at Fermi energy.
  - If Fermi energy is close to a number of MOs, a small variation of MO energies can lead to a jump in total energy, due to the electrons either occupy or leave a particular orbital completely
    - This brings havoc to SCF optimisers, because all numerical optimisers work on the basis that functions they try to minimise is continuous and (at least once or twice) differentiable.
  - Not a problem if the Fermi energy is in a band gap. Is a problem for metals.
  - Smearing: replace the step function of occupancy with a smooth function of the similar shape, with smoothness controlled by a parametric temperature
  - The higher the smearing temperature, the less resolution (system size) required for the band structure, but also less accurate



# Mixing Methods for Diagonalisation

- **Broyden Mixing**
  - The same as Broyden optimisation method
  - Solving for  $R[\rho^{\text{in}}] = \rho^{\text{out}} - \rho^{\text{in}} = 0$
  - Very similar to Pulay mixing, but slightly faster and somewhat more robust, as it does not involve matrix inversion
- **Kerker Preconditioning (automatically turns on Pulay):**
  - Solve SCF convergence issues caused by large changes in the Hartree energy due to the changes in charge density that are far apart at every iteration step.
  - The large change in Hartree energy then causes a corresponding reaction correction in the next output density, leading to a phenomenon referred to as “charge sloshing”.
  - The problem can be solved by performing charge mixing in reciprocal space, and change the mixing parameter A to a preconditioner:

$$A \rightarrow A \frac{q^2}{q^2 + B^2}$$

Long range change correspond to small q, and its contribution goes to 0

# Examples

&SCF

  SCF\_GUESS ATOMIC

  EPS\_SCF 1.0E-06

  MAX\_SCF 200

  &OT ON

    MINIMIZER DIIS

    PRECONDITIONER FULL\_SINGLE\_INVERSE

  &END OT

  &OUTER\_SCF

    MAX\_SCF 10

  &END OUTER\_SCF

  &PRINT

    &RESTART OFF

    &END RESTART

  &END PRINT

&END SCF

If you have a restart file, use **RESTART**

**64 water box**

# Examples

## SCF WAVEFUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

```

----- OT -----
Minimizer : DIIS      : direct inversion
            in the iterative subspace
            using 7 DIIS vectors
            safer DIIS on
Preconditioner : FULL_SINGLE_INVERSE : inversion of
            H + eS - 2*(Sc)(c^T*H*c+const)(Sc)^T
Precond_solver : DEFAULT
stepsize       : 0.08000000
eps_taylor     : 0.10000E-15          energy_gap   : 0.08000000
                           max_taylor   : 4
----- OT -----
Step   Update method    Time   Convergence      Total energy   Change
-----
Trace(PS):           512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids: -512.0000014959   -0.0000014959
Core density on regular grids:      512.0000000045   0.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids: -0.0000014914
Total charge density g-space grids: -0.0000014914

1 OT DIIS  0.80E-01  1.9   0.02242151  -1059.3825079557 -1.06E+03

Trace(PS):           512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids: -512.0000017437   -0.0000017437
Core density on regular grids:      512.0000000045   0.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids: -0.0000017392
Total charge density g-space grids: -0.0000017392

2 OT DIIS  0.80E-01  1.2   0.01583191  -1079.2016155971 -1.98E+01

Trace(PS):           512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids: -512.0000015128   -0.0000015128
Core density on regular grids:      512.0000000045   0.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids: -0.0000015083
Total charge density g-space grids: -0.0000015083

```

	Trace(PS):	512.0000000000	-512.0000015457	-0.0000015457
Electronic density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Core density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Total charge density on r-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
Total charge density g-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
149 OT DIIS	0.80E-01	1.2	0.00000102	-1101.0377081868 -3.67E-07
Trace(PS):	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	
Electronic density on regular grids:	-512.0000015457	-512.0000015457	-0.0000015457	
Core density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Total charge density on r-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
Total charge density g-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
150 OT DIIS	0.80E-01	1.2	0.00000101	-1101.0377086068 -4.20E-07
Trace(PS):	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	
Electronic density on regular grids:	-512.0000015457	-512.0000015457	-0.0000015457	
Core density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Total charge density on r-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
Total charge density g-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
151 OT DIIS	0.80E-01	1.2	0.00000101	-1101.0377089336 -3.27E-07
Trace(PS):	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	
Electronic density on regular grids:	-512.0000015457	-512.0000015457	-0.0000015457	
Core density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Total charge density on r-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
Total charge density g-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
152 OT DIIS	0.80E-01	1.2	0.00000100	-1101.0377093306 -3.97E-07
Trace(PS):	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	512.0000000000	
Electronic density on regular grids:	-512.0000015457	-512.0000015457	-0.0000015457	
Core density on regular grids:	512.0000000045	512.0000000045	0.0000000045	
Total charge density on r-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
Total charge density g-space grids:	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	-0.0000015412	
153 OT DIIS	0.80E-01	1.2	0.00000100	-1101.0377096545 -3.24E-07
*** SCF run converged in 153 steps ***				

# Examples

## 64 water box

```
&SCF
    SCF_GUESS ATOMIC
    EPS_SCF 1.0E-06
    MAX_SCF 200
    &OT ON
        MINIMIZER DIIS
        PRECONDITIONER FULL_ALL
    &END OT
    &OUTER_SCF
        MAX_SCF 10
    &END OUTER_SCF
    &PRINT
        &RESTART OFF
    &END RESTART
    &END PRINT
&END SCF
```

# Examples

```

SCF WAVEFUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

----- OT -----
Minimizer : DIIS      : direct inversion
            in the iterative subspace
            using 7 DIIS vectors
            safer DIIS on
            : diagonalization, state selective

Preconditioner : FULL_ALL
Precond_solver : DEFAULT
stepsize       : 0.15000000
eps_taylor     : 0.10000E-15          energy_gap   : 0.08000000
                                         max_taylor  : 4

----- OT -----
Step    Update method   Time   Convergence      Total energy   Change
-----



Trace(PS):                                512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids:     -512.000014959  -0.000014959
Core density on regular grids:           512.000000045  0.000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:  -0.000014914
Total charge density g-space grids:    -0.000014914

1 OT DIIS   0.15E+00   4.2   0.02500388   -1059.3825079557 -1.06E+03

Trace(PS):                                512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids:     -512.000020917  -0.000020917
Core density on regular grids:           512.000000045  0.000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:  -0.000020873
Total charge density g-space grids:    -0.000020873

2 OT DIIS   0.15E+00   1.3   0.01405947   -1091.5303639854 -3.21E+01

Trace(PS):                                512.0000000000
Electronic density on regular grids:     -512.000011239  -0.000011239
Core density on regular grids:           512.000000045  0.000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:  -0.000011194
Total charge density g-space grids:    -0.000011194

```

108 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000105	-1101.0377126778	-3.05E-07
Trace(PS):					
Electronic density on regular grids:					
Core density on regular grids:					
Total charge density on r-space grids:					
Total charge density g-space grids:					
109 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000104	-1101.0377130143	-3.37E-07
Trace(PS):					
Electronic density on regular grids:					
Core density on regular grids:					
Total charge density on r-space grids:					
Total charge density g-space grids:					
110 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000103	-1101.0377133249	-3.11E-07
Trace(PS):					
Electronic density on regular grids:					
Core density on regular grids:					
Total charge density on r-space grids:					
Total charge density g-space grids:					
111 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000102	-1101.0377136686	-3.44E-07
Trace(PS):					
Electronic density on regular grids:					
Core density on regular grids:					
Total charge density on r-space grids:					
Total charge density g-space grids:					
112 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000101	-1101.0377140259	-3.57E-07
Trace(PS):					
Electronic density on regular grids:					
Core density on regular grids:					
Total charge density on r-space grids:					
Total charge density g-space grids:					
113 OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.3	0.00000100	-1101.0377143737	-3.48E-07

\*\*\* SCF run converged in 113 steps \*\*\*

# Examples

## 64 water box

```
&SCF
    SCF_GUESS ATOMIC
    EPS_SCF 1.0E-06
    MAX_SCF 20
    &OT ON
        MINIMIZER DIIS
        PRECONDITIONER FULL_ALL
    &END OT
    &OUTER_SCF
        MAX_SCF 100
    &END OUTER_SCF
    &PRINT
        &RESTART OFF
    &END RESTART
    &END PRINT
&END SCF
```

# Examples

```

18 OT DIIS    0.15E+00   1.3    0.00010381    -1101.0333773217 -3.82E-03
Trace(PS):
Electronic density on regular grids:      512.0000000000
Core density on regular grids:            -512.0000015467
Total charge density on r-space grids:    -0.0000015462
Total charge density g-space grids:       0.000000045
Core density on regular grids:            512.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:    -0.0000015417
Total charge density g-space grids:       -0.0000015417

19 OT DIIS    0.15E+00   1.3    0.00009753    -1101.0345262445 -1.15E-03
Trace(PS):
Electronic density on regular grids:      512.0000000000
Core density on regular grids:            -512.0000015467
Total charge density on r-space grids:    -0.0000015467
Total charge density g-space grids:       0.000000045
Core density on regular grids:            512.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:    -0.0000015422
Total charge density g-space grids:       -0.0000015422

20 OT DIIS    0.15E+00   1.3    0.00006603    -1101.0350962104 -5.70E-04
*** SCF run NOT converged ***

Electronic density on regular grids:      -512.0000015467
Core density on regular grids:            512.0000000045
Total charge density on r-space grids:   -0.0000015422
Total charge density g-space grids:      -0.0000015422

Overlap energy of the core charge distribution: 0.00000562599749
Self energy of the core charge distribution: -2805.30499493854950
Core Hamiltonian energy:                  825.30614501411810
Hartree energy:                         1145.24847973284727
Exchange-correlation energy:             -266.28473164478658

Total energy:                           -1101.03509621037347
outer SCF iter = 1 RMS gradient = 0.66E-04 energy = -1101.0350962104

```

Step	Update method	Time	Convergence	Total energy	Change
<hr/>					
	Trace(PS):			512.0000000000	
	Electronic density on regular grids:			-512.0000015467	-0.0000015467
	Core density on regular grids:			512.0000000045	0.0000000045
	Total charge density on r-space grids:			-0.0000015422	
	Total charge density g-space grids:			-0.0000015422	
1	OT DIIS	0.15E+00	5.9	0.00016580	-1101.0355385583 -4.42E-04
	Trace(PS):			512.0000000000	
	Electronic density on regular grids:			-512.0000015454	-0.0000015454
	Core density on regular grids:			512.0000000045	0.0000000045
	Total charge density on r-space grids:			-0.0000015409	
	Total charge density g-space grids:			-0.0000015409	
2	OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.2	0.00006738	-1101.0374081725 -1.87E-03
	Trace(PS):			512.0000000000	
	Electronic density on regular grids:			-512.0000015475	-0.0000015475
	Core density on regular grids:			512.0000000045	0.0000000045
	Total charge density on r-space grids:			-0.0000015430	
	Total charge density g-space grids:			-0.0000015430	
3	OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.2	0.00003004	-1101.0377417272 -3.34E-04
	Trace(PS):			512.0000000000	
	Electronic density on regular grids:			-512.0000015459	-0.0000015459
	Core density on regular grids:			512.0000000045	0.0000000045
	Total charge density on r-space grids:			-0.0000015415	
	Total charge density g-space grids:			-0.0000015415	
4	OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.2	0.00000106	-1101.0377661454 -2.44E-05
	Trace(PS):			512.0000000000	
	Electronic density on regular grids:			-512.0000015460	-0.0000015460
	Core density on regular grids:			512.0000000045	0.0000000045
	Total charge density on r-space grids:			-0.0000015415	
	Total charge density g-space grids:			-0.0000015415	
5	OT DIIS	0.15E+00	1.2	0.00000062	-1101.0377661763 -3.09E-08
	*** SCF run converged in 5 steps ***				

# Examples

```
&SCF
    SCF_GUESS ATOMIC
    EPS_SCF 1.0E-6
    MAX_SCF 500
    ADDED_MOS 200
    CHOLESKY INVERSE
    &SMEAR ON
        METHOD FERMI_DIRAC
        ELECTRONIC_TEMPERATURE [K] 300
    &END SMEAR
    &DIAGONALIZATION
        ALGORITHM STANDARD
    &END DIAGONALIZATION
    &MIXING
        METHOD DIRECT_P_MIXING
        ALPHA 0.5
    &END MIXING
    &OUTER_SCF
        EPS_SCF 1.0E-6
        MAX_SCF 1
    &END OUTER_SCF
&END SCF
```

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# Examples

Step	Update method	Time	Convergence	Total energy	Change
-----					
1	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	2.1	0.41056021	-2133.4408435676 -2.13E+03
2	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	0.20432922	-2132.0776002852 1.36E+00
3	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	0.10741372	-2131.3677551799 7.10E-01
4	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	0.05420394	-2131.0080867703 3.60E-01
5	DIIS/Diag.	0.39E-03	3.2	0.02722180	-2130.8276990683 1.80E-01
6	DIIS/Diag.	0.19E-03	3.1	0.00062404	-2130.6473761946 1.80E-01
7	DIIS/Diag.	0.84E-04	3.2	0.00050993	-2130.6473778175 -1.62E-06
8	DIIS/Diag.	0.63E-04	3.2	0.00021250	-2130.6473781683 -3.51E-07
9	DIIS/Diag.	0.11E-03	3.2	0.00019003	-2130.6473780859 8.24E-08
10	DIIS/Diag.	0.29E-03	3.1	0.00037131	-2130.6473764995 1.59E-06
11	DIIS/Diag.	0.34E-03	3.2	0.00045761	-2130.6473757354 7.64E-07
12	DIIS/Diag.	0.10E-02	3.2	0.00121294	-2130.6473574307 1.83E-05
13	DIIS/Diag.	0.47E-03	3.1	0.00355236	-2130.6473668667 -9.44E-06
14	DIIS/Diag.	0.74E-02	3.1	0.00485367	-2130.6464389964 9.28E-04
15	DIIS/Diag.	0.80E-02	3.1	0.01204111	-2130.6462412097 1.98E-04
16	DIIS/Diag.	0.10E-01	3.1	0.00709698	-2130.6441536117 2.09E-03
17	DIIS/Diag.	0.73E-02	3.1	0.06036011	-2130.6454804871 -1.33E-03
18	DIIS/Diag.	0.32E-01	3.1	0.07606048	-2130.6085108701 3.70E-02
19	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	1.20934863	-2130.4320575334 1.76E-01
20	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	164.38141403	-2083.0458429170 4.74E+01
21	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	484.77129296	642.3682176809 2.73E+03
22	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	242.49533726	680.0967740982 3.77E+01
23	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	108.28073503	713.7098573905 3.36E+01
24	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	133.38323194	-83.2160327233 -7.97E+02
25	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	243.65162842	257.9355830764 3.41E+02
26	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	360.75338107	804.4210109712 5.46E+02
27	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	423.28363111	790.1670568787 -1.43E+01
28	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	527.98757101	1358.0740107382 5.68E+02
29	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	467.44558067	1279.1848521006 -7.89E+01
30	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	511.11190255	1700.0469627750 4.21E+02
31	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	531.81962633	1488.0293045448 -2.12E+02
32	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	469.22980247	1449.5252473273 -3.85E+01

274	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	496.18271982	1433.1258409018 -2.52E+02
275	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	465.21950527	1708.0865674753 2.75E+02
276	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	526.35992000	1701.9896437225 -6.10E+00
277	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	500.55201331	1429.0695309273 -2.73E+02
278	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	452.47323777	1685.6997235986 2.57E+02
279	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	525.66284299	1726.0727258188 4.04E+01
280	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	504.85174061	1437.1005594299 -2.89E+02
281	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	452.73958110	1626.9128568615 1.90E+02
282	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	524.88774970	1767.5496813722 1.41E+02
283	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	509.84684807	1454.1863412940 -3.13E+02
284	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	424.76338293	1583.5008811158 1.29E+02
285	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	516.88135732	1784.1133181315 2.01E+02
286	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	514.48307366	1475.1702369153 -3.09E+02
287	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	429.02575267	1494.4059971253 1.92E+01
288	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	505.84474236	1762.0172683978 2.68E+02
289	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	521.09854796	1519.1104495575 -2.43E+02
290	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	460.28042402	1463.1850194878 -5.59E+01
291	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	494.65034012	1736.5367974686 2.73E+02
292	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	523.62795354	1561.0634325581 -1.75E+02
293	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	470.92963686	1458.4095785993 -1.03E+02
294	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	489.94822751	1740.7536880093 2.82E+02
295	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	527.88371821	1586.4713619002 -1.54E+02
296	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	477.46948475	1461.2599044466 -1.25E+02
297	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	481.52741519	1744.2498516733 2.83E+02
298	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	528.64978975	1631.2670959487 -1.13E+02
299	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	483.01432540	1447.7674793116 -1.83E+02
300	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	475.21476950	1734.9217161865 2.87E+02
301	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	527.70245328	1640.9047892819 -9.40E+01
302	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	485.65879289	1448.0327123002 -1.93E+02
303	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	474.33206574	1735.1993514743 2.87E+02
304	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	528.41442815	1652.4630012861 -8.27E+01
305	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	487.89310966	1441.5618979731 -2.11E+02
306	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	472.80773473	1735.6753322017 2.94E+02
307	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	528.03454596	1664.1188498883 -7.16E+01
308	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	489.55606395	1439.4935858980 -2.25E+02
309	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.2	471.87729366	1733.8307029231 2.94E+02
310	P_Mix/Diag.	0.50E+00	3.1	527.88042982	1669.9038337698 -6.39E+01

# Examples

---

&SCF

```
SCF_GUESS ATOMIC
EPS_SCF 1.0E-6
MAX_SCF 500
ADDED_MOS 200
CHOLESKY INVERSE
&SMEAR ON
    METHOD FERMI_DIRAC
    ELECTRONIC_TEMPERATURE [K] 300
```

&END SMEAR

&DIAGONALIZATION

```
    ALGORITHM STANDARD
```

&END DIAGONALIZATION

&MIXING

```
    METHOD PULAY_MIXING
```

```
    ALPHA 0.2
```

```
    NBUFFER 5
```

&END MIXING

&OUTER\_SCF

```
    EPS_SCF 1.0E-6
```

```
    MAX_SCF 1
```

&END OUTER\_SCF

&END SCF

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# Examples

## SCF WAVEFUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

Step	Update method	Time	Convergence	Total energy	Change
1	NoMix/Diag.	0.20E+00	2.1	0.41056021	-2133.4408435676 -2.13E+03
2	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.09203127	-2201.3765392945 -6.79E+01
3	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.16880309	-2158.2415807244 4.31E+01
4	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00518342	-2130.6192970241 2.76E+01
5	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00047075	-2130.6728564565 -5.36E-02
6	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00158949	-2130.6457378471 2.71E-02
7	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00183981	-2130.6474323880 -1.69E-03
8	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00070883	-2130.6475388056 -1.06E-04
9	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00008650	-2130.6474330363 1.06E-04
10	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00006343	-2130.6473426916 9.03E-05
11	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00001087	-2130.6473443079 -1.62E-06
12	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00001251	-2130.6473829189 -3.86E-05
13	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000690	-2130.6474093517 -2.64E-05
14	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00000588	-2130.6474056927 3.66E-06
15	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000429	-2130.6473907798 1.49E-05
16	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000128	-2130.6473708497 1.99E-05
17	Pulay/Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000069	-2130.6473700587 7.91E-07

\*\*\* SCF run converged in 17 steps \*\*\*

# Examples

&SCF

```
SCF_GUESS ATOMIC
EPS_SCF 1.0E-6
MAX_SCF 500
ADDED_MOS 200
CHOLESKY INVERSE
&SMEAR ON
    METHOD FERMI_DIRAC
    ELECTRONIC_TEMPERATURE [K] 300
```

&END SMEAR

&DIAGONALIZATION

ALGORITHM STANDARD

&END DIAGONALIZATION

&MIXING

METHOD BRYODEN\_MIXING

ALPHA 0.2

NBUFFER 5

&END MIXING

&OUTER\_SCF

EPS\_SCF 1.0E-6

MAX\_SCF 1

&END OUTER\_SCF

&END SCF

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# Examples

## SCF WAVEFUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

Step	Update method	Time	Convergence	Total energy	Change
1	NoMix/Diag.	0.20E+00	2.1	0.41056021	-2133.4408435676 -2.13E+03
2	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.09203127	-2201.3765392945 -6.79E+01
3	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.16796900	-2158.0252203875 4.34E+01
4	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00119322	-2130.7623431374 2.73E+01
5	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00354041	-2130.8401320934 -7.78E-02
6	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00027721	-2130.6310148769 2.09E-01
7	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00021364	-2130.6341596109 -3.14E-03
8	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00096927	-2130.6425441433 -8.38E-03
9	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00061032	-2130.6368211911 5.72E-03
10	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00008199	-2130.6405099448 -3.69E-03
11	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00004376	-2130.6475333293 -7.02E-03
12	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00001638	-2130.6493205024 -1.79E-03
13	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00001451	-2130.6486762850 6.44E-04
14	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.2	0.00001432	-2130.6482674682 4.09E-04
15	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00001122	-2130.6476512837 6.16E-04
16	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00000112	-2130.6472295415 4.22E-04
17	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00000103	-2130.6472635676 -3.40E-05
18	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00000112	-2130.6472999859 -3.64E-05
19	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000168	-2130.6473550000 -5.50E-05
20	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.0	0.00000144	-2130.6473964425 -4.14E-05
21	Broy./Diag.	0.20E+00	3.1	0.00000009	-2130.6474004989 -4.06E-06

\*\*\* SCF run converged in 21 steps \*\*\*